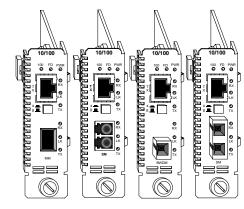
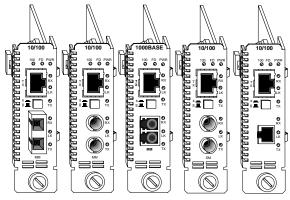


RADIANCE 10/100MBPS INTERFACE LINE CARDS





Installation & User Guide

Models: R643-13 / R643-14 / R643-15 / R643-16 / R643-17 / R643-1E / R643-1G / R643-1J / R643-1K / R643-1M / R643-1X / R643-1Y

Radiance 10/100Mbps Interface Line Cards

R643-13	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode SC
R643-14	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC
R643-15	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode ST
R632-16	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode ST
R643-17	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC (40km)
R643-1E	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode MT-RJ
R643-1G	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode VF-45
R643-1J	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC (100km)
R643-1K	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode LC
R643-1M	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode LC
R643-1X	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC 1550/
	1310nm bidirectional wavelength division multiplexed
	(BDWM) SC
R643-1Y	10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode 1310/1550nm
	BDWM SC

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Radiance 10/100Mbps Interface Line Cards Installation & User Guide

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The Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card provides seamless migration between Ethernet and Fast Ethernet networks, in addition to built-in media conversion allowing high-speed integration of fiber optic and twisted-pair segments. A complete set of LEDs allows for quick status verification, and two banks of DIP switches provide added versatility on each port. To optimize your Ethernet network, each port operates independently in either half or full duplex.

The management functionality allows communication between the chassis and a management station. This ability provides remote software control over the Radiance line card configuration and notification of a failure to the management station.

The Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card offers the following key features:

- Auto-negotiation switch on the twisted-pair interface.
- Link loss auto-recovery on the fiber optic port.
- Link Loss Return (LLR) functionality to aid in troubleshooting a remote network connection on the fiber optic port.
- Link Loss Carry Forward (LLCF) functionality to aid in troubleshooting a remote network connection.
- An MDI-II to MDI-X switch that eliminates the need for crossover cables on the twisted-pair port.
- Flow control on each port in either half or full duplex mode.
- Store-and-forward switching to improve overall network performance by buffering packets during times of heavy congestion and to prevent the forwarding of corrupted packets.
- A high-performance switching engine that performs forwarding and filtering at full wire speed (148,800 packets per second).
- The ability to learn up to 1,024 MAC addresses.
- Low last-bit-in to first-bit-out delay.

- 128K bytes of buffer memory.
- VLAN tagging support.

BDWM SC

- Discards packets with CRC errors, short packets (less than 64 bytes), or long packets (more than 1,518 bytes for un-tagged frames and more than 1,522 bytes for IEEE 802.3ac tagged frames).
- Compliant with applicable sections of IEEE 802.3, 802.3u, and 802.3x

For updating or expanding an existing network, Metrobility offers line cards that support a wide range of configuration needs. The Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line cards support the following conversion combinations:

10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode SC
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode ST
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode ST
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode LC
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode LC
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode MT-RJ
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX multimode VF-45
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode SC 1550/1310nm
bidirectional wavelength division multiplexed (BDWM) SC
10/100Base-TX to 100Base-FX singlemode 1310/1550nm

Follow the simple steps outlined in this section to install and start using your Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card.

NOTE: Electrostatic discharge precautions should be taken when handling any line card. Proper grounding is recommended (i.e., wear a wrist strap).

Unpack the Line Card

Your order has been provided with the safest possible packaging, but shipping damage does occasionally occur. Inspect your line card carefully. If you discover any shipping damage, notify your carrier and follow their instructions for damage and claims. Save the original shipping carton if return or storage of the unit is necessary.

Set the Switches MDI-II to MDI-X Switch

To eliminate the need for crossover cables, the Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card includes an MDI-II to MDI-X switch for the twisted-pair port. This push-button switch is located in the center of the front panel and allows setup in either straight-through or crossover configurations.

When setting the switch, observe the positioning of the following symbols:

- The parallel symbol (II) indicates a straight-through or parallel connection. The switch is out. (default)
- The cross symbol (X) indicates a crossover connection. The switch is in.

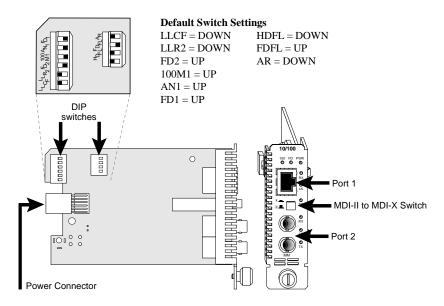
Use the tables below as a guide.

A device that is wired straight through needs one crossover connection:		
If the cable is the MDI-II to MDI-X Switch Setting should be		
straight through	Х	
crossover	II	

A device that is wired crossover needs a parallel connection:		
If the cable is the MDI-II to MDI-X Switch Setting should be		
straight through	II	
crossover	X	

DIP Switches

Two sets of DIP switches, located on the back of the line card, allow you to select from several modes of operation. These switches are clearly marked on the printed circuit board.



When setting DIP switches,* the UP position is when the lever of the DIP switch is pushed away from the circuit board. The DOWN position is when the lever is pushed toward the circuit board.

Auto-Negotiation Switch (AN1)

Switch AN1 controls the use of auto-negotiation on the copper port. To enable auto-negotiation, push the lever UP. To disable this function, push the lever DOWN. By default, auto-negotiation is enabled.

When the copper port has auto-negotiation enabled, it advertises 100Mbps full duplex capabilities. When auto-negotiation is disabled, the port's duplex is determined by the FD1 switch, and its speed is set by the 100M1 switch.

Changes to switch AN1 only come into effect after the power-cycle initialization.

^{*}DIP switches also can be managed via console commands or with Metrobility's NetBeacon™ or WebBeacon™ management software. Refer to the Command Line Interface Reference Guide, NetBeacon Element Management Software Installation & User's Guide or WebBeacon Management Software Installation & User's Guide for software management information.

10/100Mbps Switch (100M1)*

Switch 100M1 controls the speed setting for the copper port. If autonegotiation is disabled, the port speed will be the same as this switch setting, where UP is 100Mbps and DOWN is 10Mbps. The default speed setting is 100Mbps. When auto-negotiation is enabled, the 100M1 switch is ignored.

Half/Full Duplex Switch (FD1, FD2)*

Switch FD1 determines the duplex mode for the copper port if autonegotiation is disabled. When autonegotiation is enabled, the FD1 switch setting is ignored. Switch FD2 determines the duplex mode on the fiber optic port. A port operates at full duplex when its FD switch is UP. It operates at half duplex when its FD switch is DOWN. The default is full duplex enabled (UP).

Link Loss Return Switch (LLR2)

The 10/100Mbps interface line card incorporates Link Loss Return (LLR) functionality as an aid in troubleshooting remote connections on the fiber optic port. When LLR is enabled, the loss of inbound link pulses on the port stops the transmission of outbound link pulses on the *same* port. For example, if LLR is enabled on port 2 and its receiver (RX) stops detecting link pulses, then port 2's transmitter (TX) will stop sending link pulses. LLR is not applicable to the copper port.

Link Loss Return is enabled on Port 2 when switch LLR2 is UP. The unit is shipped with LLR disabled. Refer to Link Loss Return in the User Guide section of this manual for more information.

Link Loss Carry Forward Switch (LLCF)

In addition to LLR, the 10/100 line cards support Link Loss Carry Forward functionality to help with troubleshooting remote connections.

Unlike LLR, which only applies to the fiber port, LLCF affects both ports on the card. When LLCF is enabled, the loss of inbound link pulses on a port stops the transmission of outbound link pulses on the *opposite* port. For example, if LLCF is enabled, the loss of incoming link pulses at *Port 1* will stop the transmission of link pulses out of *Port 2*. Conversely, if *Port 2* stops receiving link pulses, *Port 1* will not transmit link pulses.

^{*}Changes to the 100M and FD switch settings only come into effect after the power-cycle initialization.

Link Loss Carry Forward is enabled on both ports when switch LLCF is UP. The unit is shipped with LLCF disabled. Refer to Link Loss Carry Forward in the User Guide section of this manual for further details.

Auto-Recovery Switch (AR)

Switch AR controls the use of auto-recovery on the fiber port. To enable auto-recovery, push the lever UP. To disable this function, push the lever DOWN. Auto-recovery is disabled by default.

When auto-recovery is enabled, the card will attempt to restart the fiber link between two back-to-back 10/100 line cards if they are both waiting for the other one to transmit first. Refer to <u>Auto-Recovery</u> in the User Guide section for more information.

Full-Duplex Flow Control Switch (FDFL)

Full-duplex flow control is used to avoid dropping packets during network congestion. If FDFL is enabled, the card will issue a PAUSE frame when there is no buffer space available for incoming packets.

For ports operating at full duplex, the FDFL switch determines the use of flow control. Set the switch UP to enable full-duplex flow control on both ports. The setting only applies to ports in full-duplex mode with auto-negotiation enabled. Additionally, during auto-negotiation, the port's link partner must advertise that it supports PAUSE frames. Full-duplex flow control is enabled by default.

Half-Duplex Flow Control Switch (HDFL)

For ports operating at half duplex, the 10/100 line card provides an option to enable backpressure flow control. When flow control is activated, the card generates a jamming pattern to force a collision on the port if the card cannot allocate a buffer for the port's incoming packets.

Half-duplex flow control is disabled by default. Set the switch UP to enable half-duplex flow control on both ports.

Use the table below to help you set the DIP switches to obtain specific modes of operation. The configuration column lists the speed and duplex options for Port 1 on the left and Port 2 on the right.

Set the switches UP where indicated. Set the switches DOWN for the blank positions. NA indicates the switch setting is not applicable and can be either UP or DOWN.

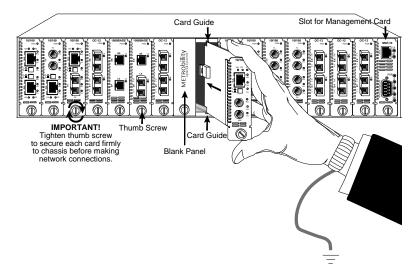
Configuration	Port 1			Port 2
Configuration	FD1	AN1	100M1	FD2
Auto-Negotiation — 100 Full	NA	UP	NA	UP
Auto-Negotiation — 100 Half	NA	UP	NA	
10 Half — 100 Half				
10 Half — 100 Full				UP
10 Full — 100 Half	UP			
10 Full — 100 Full	UP			UP
100 Half — 100 Half			UP	
100 Half — 100 Full			UP	UP
100 Full — 100 Half	UP		UP	
100 Full — 100 Full	UP		UP	UP



Install the Line Card

The Radiance line card offers the ease of plug-and-play installation and is hot-swappable. The card must be firmly secured to the chassis before network connections are made. Follow the simple steps outlined below to install the line card.

Grasp the card by the front panel as shown.



- Insert the card into a slot on the chassis making sure that the
 top and bottom edges of the board are aligned with the top and
 bottom card guides in the chassis. Do not force the card into
 the chassis unnecessarily. It should slide in easily and evenly.
- Slide the card in until the top and bottom edges of the front panel are flush and even with the top and bottom edges of the chassis.
- To secure the line card to the chassis, turn the thumbscrew clockwise until it is snug. The card is now properly installed and ready for connection to the network.



To connect the Radiance line card to the network, insert the fiber optic or twisted-pair cables into the appropriate connectors. Be sure the card is secured to the chassis by tightening the thumbscrew before making network connections.

Fiber Optic Connections

• The R643-13, -15, -1E, -1G, and -1K provide one set of FX multimode SC/ST/MT-RJ/VF-45/LC connectors, respectively, and support a maximum segment length of up to 2km for remote links.

- The R643-14, R643-16 and R643-1M provide one set of FX singlemode SC/ST/LC connectors, respectively, and support a maximum segment length of up to 20km.
- The R643-17 provides one set of FX singlemode SC connectors and supports a maximum segment length of up to 40km.
- The R643-1J provides one set of FX singlemode SC connectors and supports a maximum segment length of up to 100km.

BWDM Connection

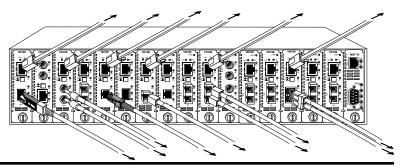
The bidirectional wavelength division multiplexed (BWDM) port provides one singlemode SC connector that supports a maximum segment length of 20km. BWDM line cards must always be used in complementary pairs. That is, a -1X model must always be connected to a -1Y. The -1X cards are designed to transmit data at a wavelength of 1550nm and receive at 1310nm. Correspondingly, the -1Y cards transmit data at 1310nm and receive at 1550nm.

Twisted-Pair Connection

Each Radiance line card provides one shielded RJ-45 connector that supports a maximum segment length of up to 100 meters. Use Category 3, 4 or 5 cables for 10Mbps segments; use only Category 5 or 5E cables for 100Mbps segments.

NOTE: Be sure to properly set the MDI-II to MDI-X switch located between the two port connectors. Refer back to <u>Step 2</u> if necessary.

Insert your connectors as shown below. Once power is applied to the card, correct connectivity can be verified via the link (LK) LED, if a device is connected to the remote end of the cable.



This section contains information regarding the operating features of the Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card.

LED Indicators

The Radiance 10/100Mbps interface line card provides several LEDs for the visible verification of unit status and proper functionality. These LEDs can assist in troubleshooting and with overall network diagnosis and management. There are separate transmit, receive and link indicators for each port. The twisted-pair port also has a speed LED and a duplex LED.

After power is applied to the card, verify correct connectivity via the link LEDs.

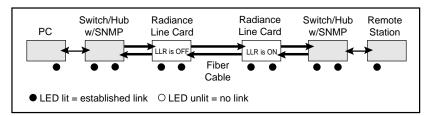
LED Label	LED Name	Color (Status)	Function
PWR	power	green (steady)	The unit is ON.
Coppe	Port LED	s	
100	speed	green (steady)	The speed setting of the port is 100Mbps when lit. It is 10Mbps when not lit.
FD	duplex	green (steady)	The port is in full-duplex mode when lit. It is in half-duplex mode when not lit.
RX	receive	green (blinking)	The port is receiving data.
LK	link	green (steady)	Verifies that the port has a valid link.
TX	transmit	green (blinking)	The port is sending data.
Fiber P	ort LEDs		
RX	receive	green (blinking)	The port is receiving data, or the port is attempting auto-recovery.
LK	link	green (steady)	Verifies that the port has a valid link.
TX	transmit	green (blinking)	The port is sending data, or the port is attempting auto-recovery.

Link Loss Return (LLR)

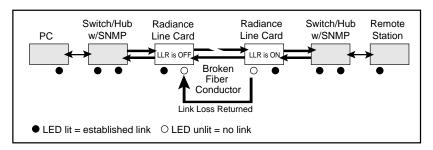
The fiber optic ports of the Radiance line cards have been designed with LLR* functionality for troubleshooting remote connections.

When LLR is enabled, the fiber port's transmitter shuts down when its receiver fails to detect a valid receive link. LLR is normally enabled on one end of the link and is typically enabled on either the unmanaged or remote device. Setting LLR on both ends of the link necessitates auto-recovery. See <u>Auto-Recovery</u> on page 16.

The diagram below shows a typical network configuration with good link status using Radiance line cards for remote connectivity.



If one of the optical conductors is bad (as shown in the diagram box below), the line card with LLR enabled will return a no-link condition to its link partner. This aids the administrator in determining the source of the loss.

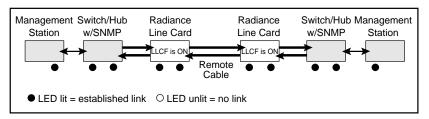


^{*}Units are shipped with the LLR function disabled (DOWN).

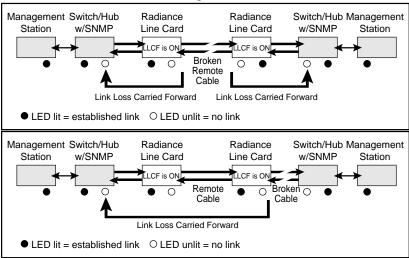
Link Loss Carry Forward (LLCF)*

The Radiance 10/100 line card incorporates LLCF for troubleshooting remote connections. When LLCF is enabled, the ports do not transmit a link signal until they receive a link signal from the opposite port.

The diagram below shows a typical network configuration with good link status using Radiance line cards for remote connectivity. Note that LLCF is enabled as indicated in the diagram.



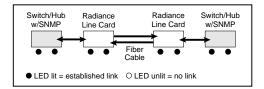
If a connection breaks, the line cards carry that link loss forward to the switch/hubs which generate a trap to the management stations. A network administrator can then determine the source of the problem.



^{*} Units are shipped with LLCF disabled (DOWN).

Auto-Recovery

The Radiance 10/100 line card includes an auto-recovery circuit that allows you to transparently connect a pair of cards between two network devices. A typical application is to use the pair to extend a network's reach between two distant devices.



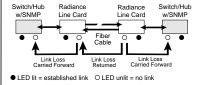
In this back-to-back setup, it may be desirable to see the entire link down if any of the connecting segments fails. This means that both copper ports must relay a no-link condition to the switch/hub when any of the cables is broken. To achieve this, both LLCF and LLR must be enabled on each card. Additionally, autorecovery must be enabled and auto-negotiation must be disabled.

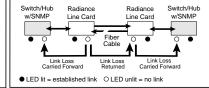
Auto-Recovery is enabled only when \underline{all} of the following switches are set as indicated:

 $AN1 = disabled \quad LLCF = enabled \quad AR = enabled \quad LLR2 = enabled$

Auto-recovery is required whenever LLR is enabled on two back-to-back 10/100 line cards. LLR is designed for monitoring the transmit fiber. Because a port with LLR enabled requires link to be received *prior* to the transmission of link pulses out the same port, LLR cannot be enabled on both ends of the same fiber line without auto-recovery. Auto-recovery prevents the two fiber ports from ending up in the resulting deadlock situation, with each fiber port waiting for the other to transmit first. Auto-recovery allows the deadlock to be broken by periodically sending out pulses from the fiber port forcing the 10/100 card to establish its fiber link.

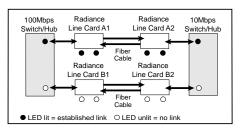
The diagrams below show how the two switch/hubs are alerted to a broken fiber cable. Notice that both LLR and LLCF must be enabled under this condition.





Auto-Recovery Application Example

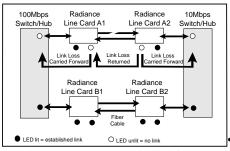
A set of four Radiance 10/100 line cards can be used to provide the redundancy necessary to ensure that data from a 100Mbps device reaches its destination in a 10Mbps device, as illustrated in the diagram below. In this example, the main link, which includes cards A1 and A2, must be seen as a single connection. If any of the cables in the main link fails, both switch/hubs must be notified of the failure so they can activate the backup link, which includes line cards B1 and B2.



Since the entire main link must appear down if any of its connecting segments fails, the copper ports of line cards A1 and A2 must be able to indicate a no-link condition to their corresponding switch/hubs. To do this, auto-recovery must be enabled on both Radiance line cards A1 and A2

To enable auto-recovery on the line cards, make sure that on each unit AN1 is disabled, AR is enabled, LLR2 is enabled, and LLCF is enabled.

The diagram below illustrates how the two switch/hubs are alerted to a broken fiber cable in the main link, thus activating the backup link with Radiance line cards B1 and B2.



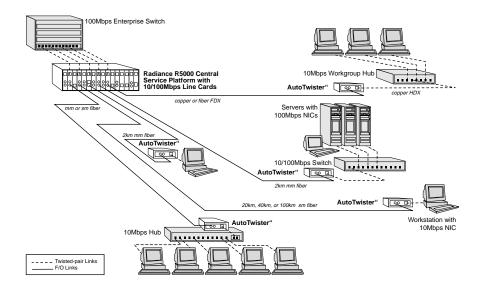
Sequence of events:

- Line card A1 stops transmitting data to line card A2.
- A2 senses the loss of link and stops transmitting link pulses to A1 and the 10Mbps switch/hub.
- A1 receives the no-link condition and stops transmitting link pulses to the 100Mbps switch/hub.
 The 100Mbps and 10Mbps switch/

hubs detect that the main link is down and switch traffic to the backup link.

- Traffic resumes via the backup path with line cards B1 and B2.
- Because auto-recovery is enabled, line cards A1 and A2 try to reestablish the fiber link by periodically sending out pulses from their fiber ports.

Topology Solutions



Technical Specifications

Network Connections

Twisted-Pair Interface	
Connector	Shielded RJ-45, 8-pin jack
Impedance	100 Ohms nominal
Signal Level Output (differential)	
	2.2 to 2.8V (10Mbps)
Signal Level Input	200mV minimum (100Mbps)
	585mV (10Mbps)
Supported Link Length	100m
Cable Type (10Mbps segments)	Category 3, 4 or 5 UTP/STP
(100Mbps segments)	Category 5 or 5E UTP/STP
Multimode Fiber Optic Interface	
(R643-13, R643-15, R643-1E, R643-1G, I	R643-1K)
Connector	
Wavelength	
RX Input Sensitivity	
Output Power	23.5 dBm to -14 dBm (50/125 μm)
	20 dBm to -14 dBm (62.5/125 µm)
Supported Link Length	up to 2km full duplex
Cable Type	50/125 or 62.5/125 µm F/O
Singlemode Fiber Optic Interface	
(R643-14, R643-16, R643-1M)	
Connector	SC. ST. LC
Wavelength	1310nm
RX Input Sensitivity	-31 dBm minimum
Output Power	-15 dBm to -8 dBm (9/125 µm)
Supported Link Length	up to 20km full duplex
Cable Type	
	1 1 1 1
Singlemode Fiber Optic Interface — long	haul distance support
(R643-17)	50
Connector	
Wavelength	
RX Input Sensitivity	
Output Power	
Supported Link Length	
Cable Type	9/125 µm F/O

Connector	Singlemode Fiber Optic Interface — extended	d long haul distance support
Wavelength	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
RX Input Sensitivity	Connector	SC
Output Power 3 dBm to 0 dBm (9/125 μm) Supported Link Length	Wavelength	1550nm
Supported Link Length	RX Input Sensitivity	37 dBm minimum
Cable Type	Output Power	3 dBm to 0 dBm (9/125 µm)
Singlemode BWDM Fiber Optic Interface Connector	Supported Link Length	up to 100km full duplex
Connector	Cable Type	9/125 μm F/O
Connector	Singlemode BWDM Fiber Optic Interface	
Supported Link Length		SC
Cable Type 9/125 μm F/O RX Input Sensitivity -32 dBm minimum Output Power -15 dBm to -8 dBm (9/125 μm) (R643-1X) 1550nm RX Wavelength 1310nm (R643-1Y) 1310nm TX Wavelength 1310nm RX Wavelength 1550nm Data Rate Data Rate 100Mbps half duplex; 200Mbps full duplex (Fast Ethernet) ————————————————————————————————————	Supported Link Length	up to 20km full duplex
RX Input Sensitivity		
Output Power		
TX Wavelength		
RX Wavelength		•
(R643-1Y) TX Wavelength	TX Wavelength	1550nm
TX Wavelength	RX Wavelength	1310nm
RX Wavelength 1550nm Data Rate 100Mbps half duplex; 200Mbps full duplex (Fast Ethernet) 10Mbps half duplex; 20Mbps full duplex (Ethernet) Power	(R643-1Y)	
Data Rate Data Rate	TX Wavelength	1310nm
Data Rate 100Mbps half duplex; 200Mbps full duplex (Fast Ethernet) 10Mbps half duplex; 20Mbps full duplex (Ethernet) Power +5V @ 1A, 5W Environmental Operating Temperature 0° to 50° C Storage Temperature25° to 70° C Operating Humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing Weight 3.5 oz (0.1 kg)	RX Wavelength	1550nm
10Mbps half duplex; 20Mbps full duplex (Ethernet) Power	Data Rate	
10Mbps half duplex; 20Mbps full duplex (Ethernet) Power	Data Rate100Mbps half duplex; 2	200Mbps full duplex (Fast Ethernet)
Environmental Operating Temperature		
Operating Temperature	Power	+5V @ 1A, 5W
Operating Temperature	Environmental	
Storage Temperature25° to 70° C Operating Humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing Weight 3.5 oz (0.1 kg)		0° to 50° C
Operating Humidity 5% to 95% non-condensing Weight 3.5 oz (0.1 kg)		
Weight 3.5 oz (0.1 kg)		

Product Safety, EMC and Compliance Statements

This equipment complies with the following requirements:

- UL
- CSA
- CE
- FCC Part 15, Class A
- EN55022 Class A (emissions)
- EN55024: 1998 (immunity)
- DOC Class A (emissions)
- IEC 825-1 Classification (eye safety)
- Class 1 Laser Product (eye safety)

This product shall be handled, stored and disposed of in accordance with all governing and applicable safety and environmental regulatory agency requirements.

The following FCC and Industry Canada compliance information is applicable to North American customers only.

USA FCC Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Caution: Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Canadian Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Réglement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Warranty and Servicing

Three-Year Warranty for Radiance 10/100Mbps Interface Line Cards Metrobility Optical Systems, Inc. warrants that every Radiance 10/100Mbps line card will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of THREE YEARS from the date of Metrobility shipment. This warranty covers the original user only and is not transferable. Should the unit fail at any time during this warranty period, Metrobility will, at its sole discretion, replace, repair, or refund the purchase price of the product. This warranty is limited to defects in workmanship and materials and does not cover damage from accident, acts of God, neglect, contamination, misuse or abnormal conditions of operation or handling, including overvoltage failures caused by use outside of the product's specified rating, or normal wear and tear of mechanical components.

To establish original ownership and provide date of purchase, complete and return the registration card or register the product online at www.metrobility.com. If product was not purchased directly from Metrobility, please provide source, invoice number and date of purchase.

To return a defective product for warranty coverage, contact Metrobility Customer Service for a return materials authorization (RMA) number. Send the defective product postage and insurance prepaid to the address provided to you by the Metrobility Technical Support Representative. Failure to properly protect the product during shipping may void this warranty. The Metrobility RMA number must be clearly on the outside of the carton to ensure its acceptance.

Metrobility will pay return transportation for product repaired or replaced inwarranty. Before making any repair not covered by the warranty, Metrobility will estimate cost and obtain authorization, then invoice for repair and return transportation. Metrobility reserves the right to charge for all testing and shipping costs incurred, if test results determine that the unit is without defect.

This warranty constitutes the buyer's sole remedy. No other warranties, such as fitness for a particular purpose, are expressed or implied. Under no circumstances will Metrobility be liable for any damages incurred by the use of this product including, but not limited to, lost profits, lost savings, and incidental or consequential damages arising from the use of, or inability to use, this product. Authorized resellers are not authorized to extend any other warranty on Metrobility's behalf.



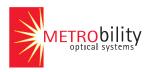
Product Manuals

The most recent version of this manual is available online at http://www.metrobility.com/support/manuals.htm

To obtain additional copies of this manual, contact your reseller, or call 1.877.526.2278 or 1.603.880.1833

Product Registration

To register your product, go to http://www.metrobility.com/support/registration.asp



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